

Introducing: The Squamous Spectrum

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Bethesda 2001

Atypical Squamous Cells (ASC)

- of undetermined significance (ASC-US)

LSIL: Low-grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion

Atypical Squamous Cells (ASC)

- cannot exclude HSIL (ASC-H)

HSIL: High-grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion (+/- with features suspicious for invasion)

Squamous Cell Carcinoma

Normal 20 10

Squamous abnormalities

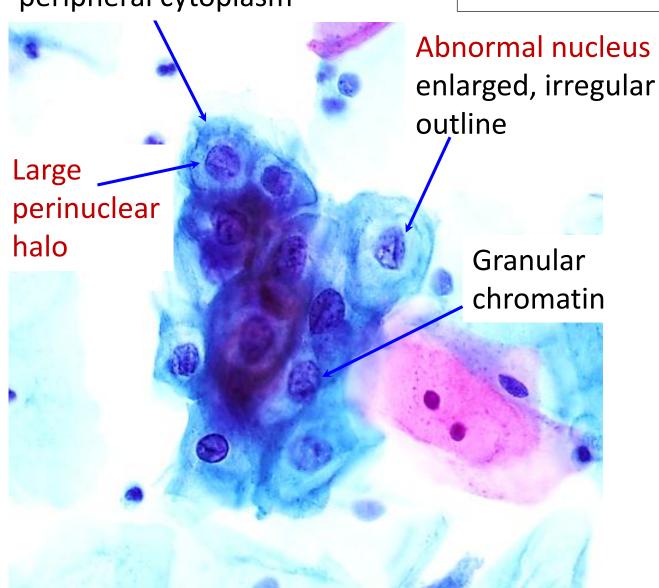
	NZ samples *	Cytology
	1.8%	ASC-US
Low-grade	3.5%	LSIL
High-grade	0.5%	ASC-H
	0.8%	HSIL
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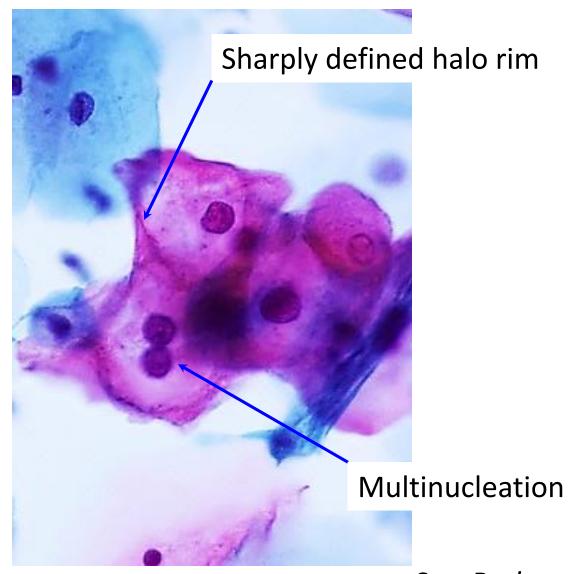
- clinical outcome justifies cytology result categories
- ASC-US + LSIL cytology identifies almost as many HSIL histology cases as ASC-H + HSIL cytology

^{*%} of satisfactory samples Jan-June 2017 NCSP Monitoring Report 47

Condensation of peripheral cytoplasm

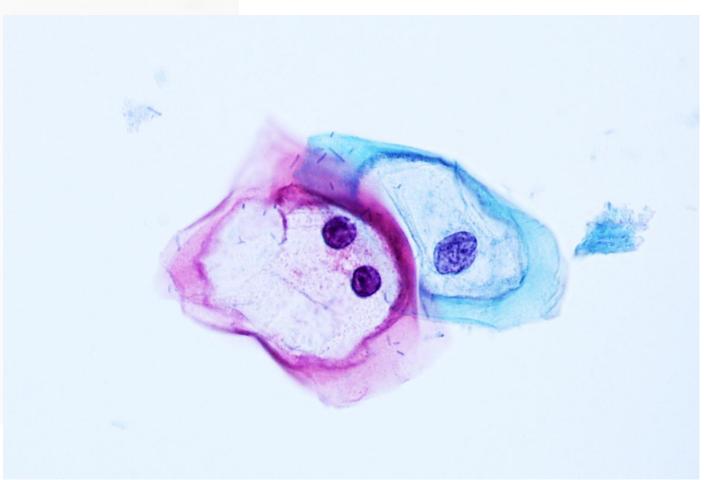
LSIL: classic koilocytes



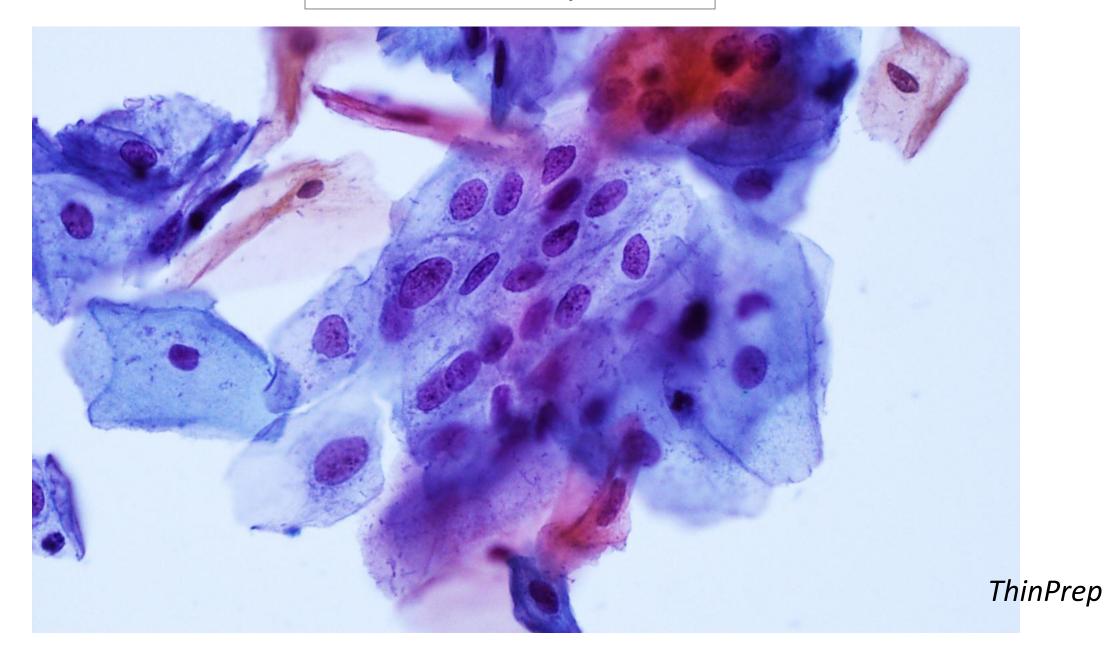


SurePath

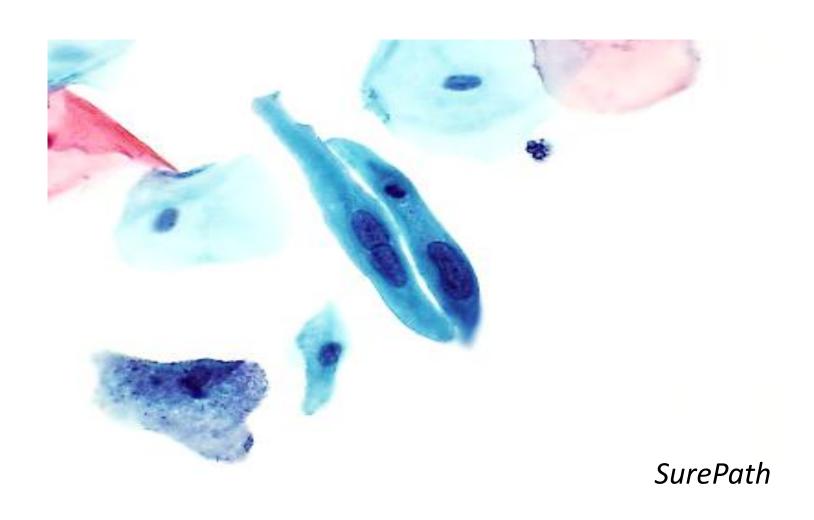
LSIL: Koilocytes



LSIL: not koilocytes



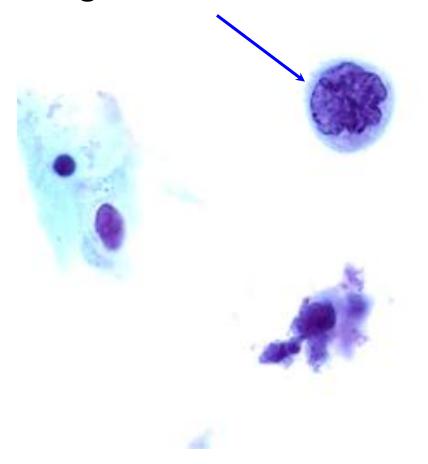
ASC-US
Atypical Squamous Cells of Undetermined Significance



HSIL

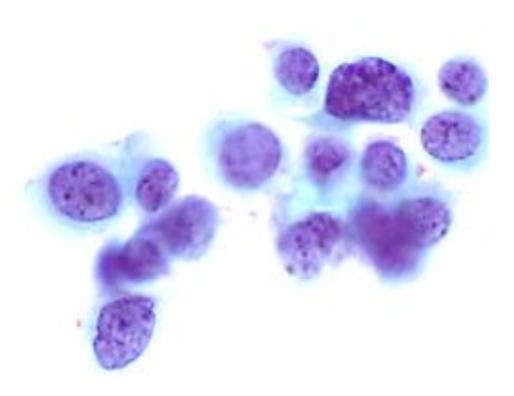
High N:C ratio

Hyperchromatic granular chromatin Irregular nuclear outline



Nuclear Variation

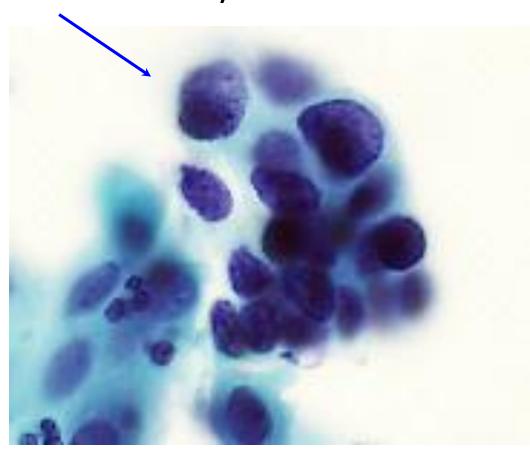
Size, shape, chromatin, outline



High N:C ratio

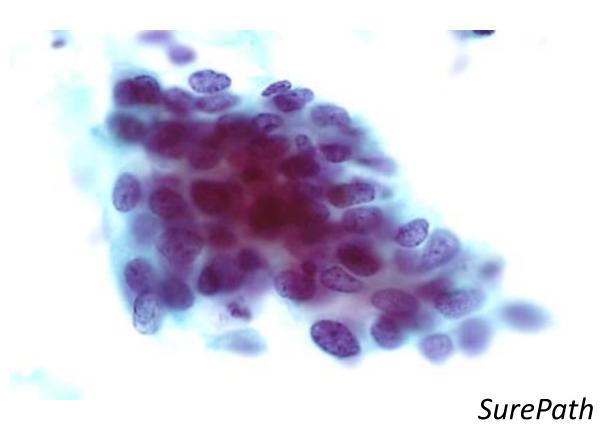
HSIL

Hyperchromatic granular chromatin Irregular nuclear outlines Nuclear variability

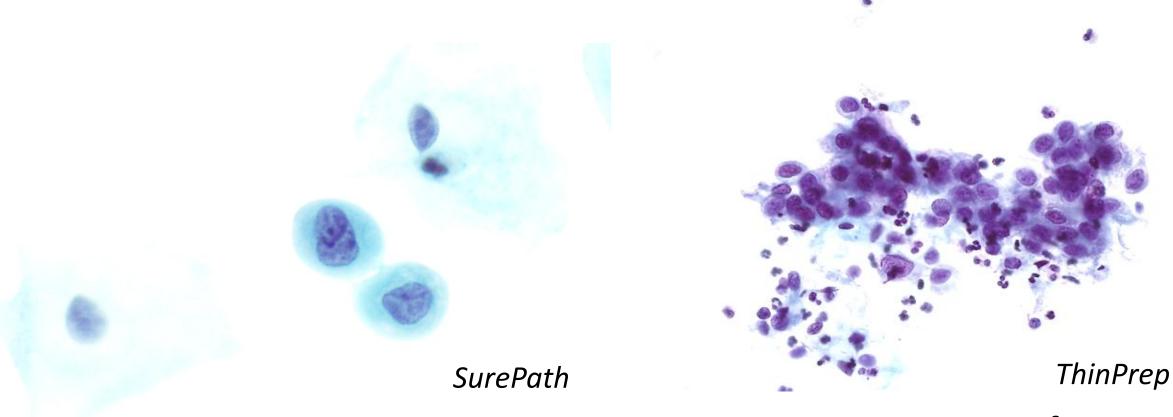


Crowded sheets

Thick, disorganised, high N:C cells, nuclear variability



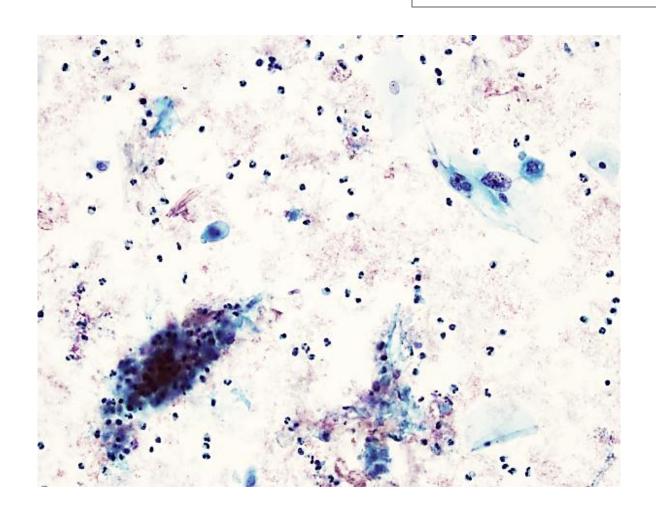
ASC-H Atypical Squamous Cells, possible High-grade

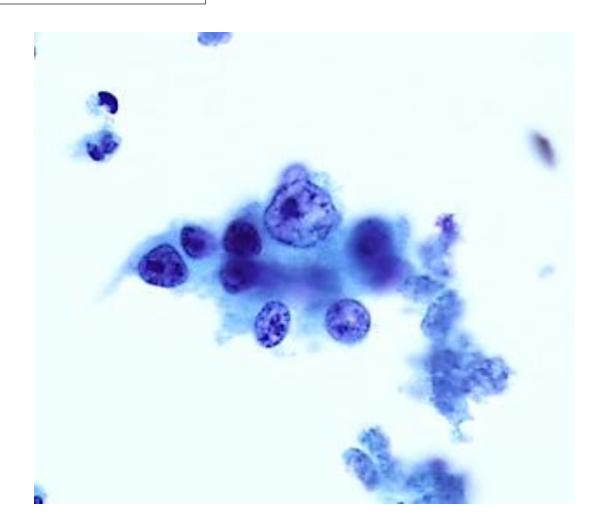


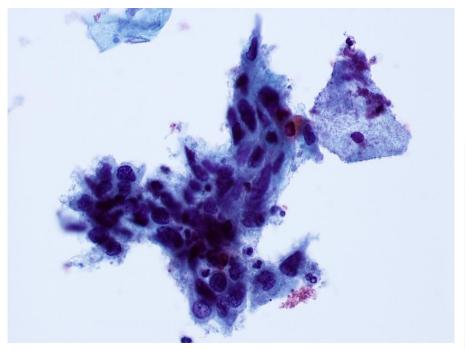
Two suspicious cells... Follow-up = CIN3

Suspicious, some reactive features Follow-up = inflammation, cervicitis

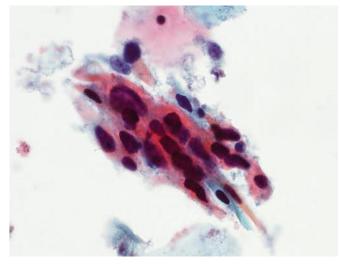
Squamous cell carcinoma

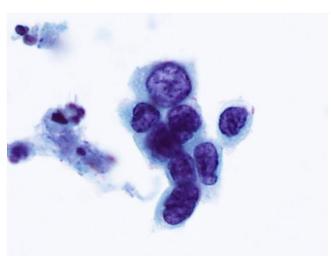


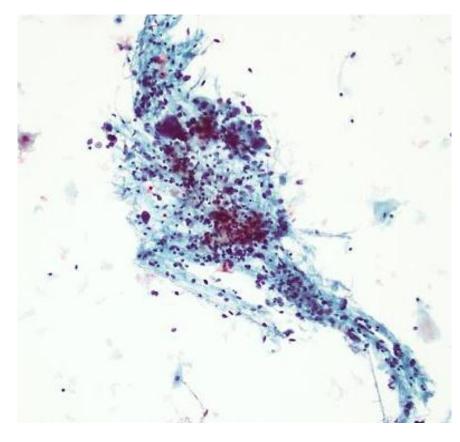


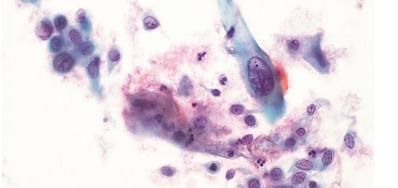


Squamous cell carcinoma



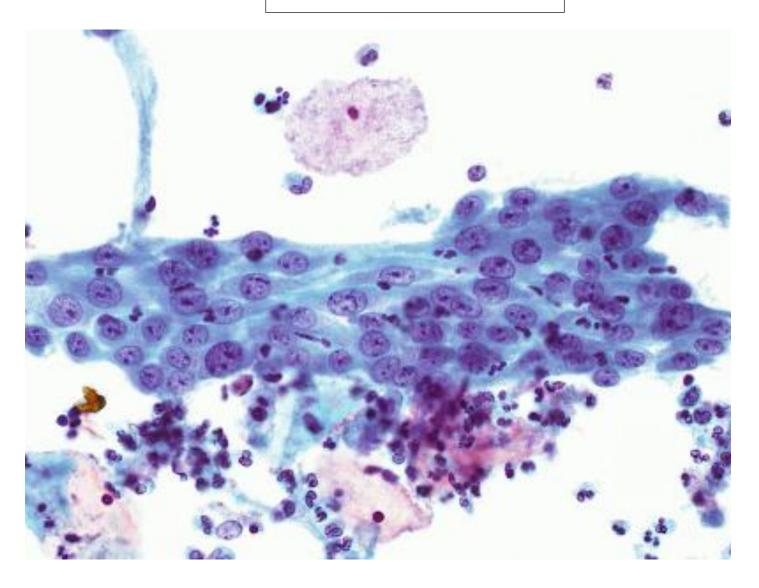




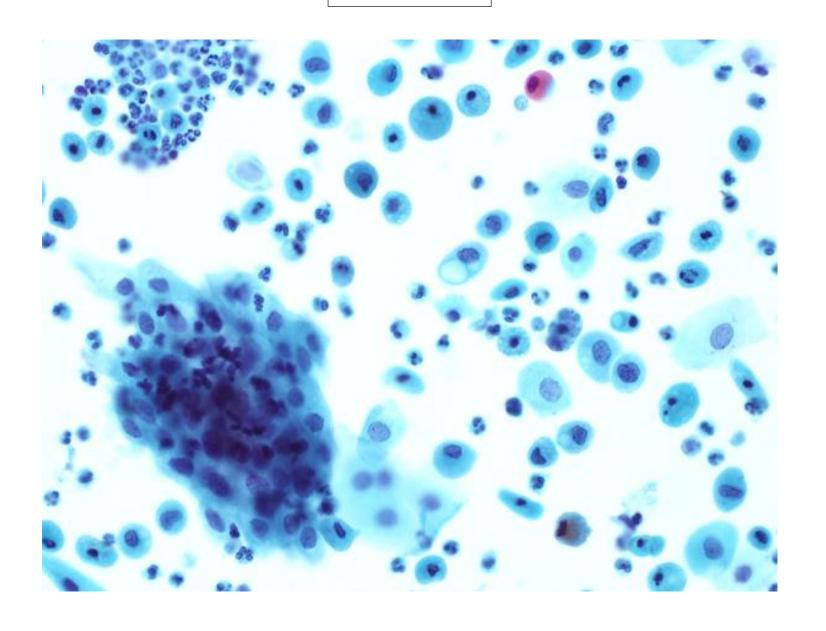


ThinPrep

REACTIVE Sheet



ATROPHY



See as many cases and images as you can